27 September 2013

Letter of Transmittal

Department of Architectural Engineering

The Pennsylvania State University

Dr. Boothby,

This letter is to prove submittal of Technical Report 2 for the Orchard Plaza Senior Thesis project. All necessary documents are included with this submittal. Calculations supporting my claims are included in respective appendices.

Thank you for assistance with this assignment,

Christopher Duarte

# TECHNICAL REPORT 2



ORCHARD PLAZA

AE SENIOR THESIS

Christopher Duarte - Structural Advisor: Thomas Boothby September 27<sup>th</sup>, 2013

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Executive Summary	3
Site Plan	
Codes	
Gravity Loads	
Roof Loads	
Exterior Loads	7
Wind Loads	8
Seismic Loads	10
Appendix A	11
Appendix B	13
Appendix C	16

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The following report investigates various forms of gravity loads. as well as wind and seismic loads. Respective calculations were performed to analyze the building with the appropriate codes in comparison with given factors and information from the building documents. The codes listed in this document were referenced frequently when performing calculations. Drawings provided by STRADA Architects were used for all drawings with permission from the building's owner, Millcraft Investments.

#### SITE PLAN

Orchard Plaza is situated in an urban environment with close proximity to neighboring streets. The building is located in Pennsylvania approximately twenty miles southwest of Pittsburgh.



#### CODES

The following codes were used for the design of Orchard Plaza

- 2003 International Building Code
- Minimum Design Loads for Building and Other Structures (ASCE 7-02)
- Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete (ACI 318-02)
- AISC Manual of Steel Construction, Allowable Stress Design (ASD)

## GRAVITY LOADS

A complete estimate of the building's weight can be found in Appendix A

Dead Loads	
Description	Load (psf)
Ceiling + Misc. Mechanical	15
Roofing	11
Exterior Walls	56
Floor Slab - Level 1	72
Floor Slab - Levels 2-6	66

Live Loads				
Description	Load (psf)			
Lobbies & Corridors	100			
Office Areas	60 + 20DL			
Main Corridors Above Ground Level	80			
Electrical & Mechanical Rooms	200			
Stairs & Landings	100			
Light Storage	125			
General File Areas	175			
Heavy Storage	250			
Roof Live Load	30			

Snow Loads	
Description	Value
Ground Snow Load Pg	25 psf
Flat-Roof Snow Load Pf	18 psf
Snow Exposure Factor Ce	1
Snow Importance Factor I <sub>e</sub>	1
Thermal Factor	1
Wind Directionality Factor Kd	0.85

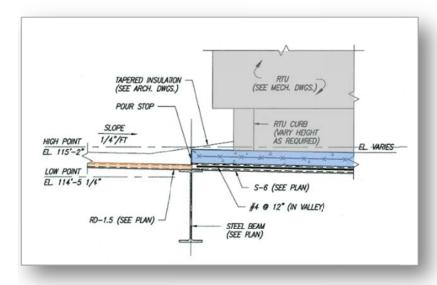
## ROOF LOADS

The roof system of Orchard Plaza is comprised of the two components shown below.



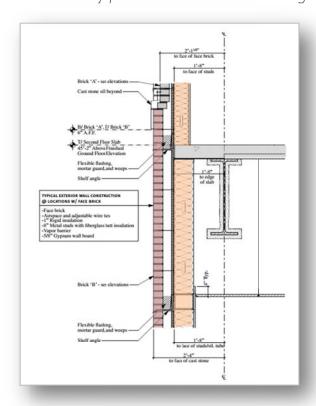
- Concrete Mechanical Pad
  - 4" Normal Weight Concrete
  - 2"-18Gage Composite Decking
  - 6x6 W2.9 x W2.9 Welded Wire Frame
- 1.5B20 Roof Decking Vulcraft

A cross section of both roofing elements is shown below.



#### EXTERIOR LOADS

Weight of the exterior façade was estimated using ASCE 7-02. Exterior loads are estimated to account for forty percent of the total building weight



#### WIND LOADS

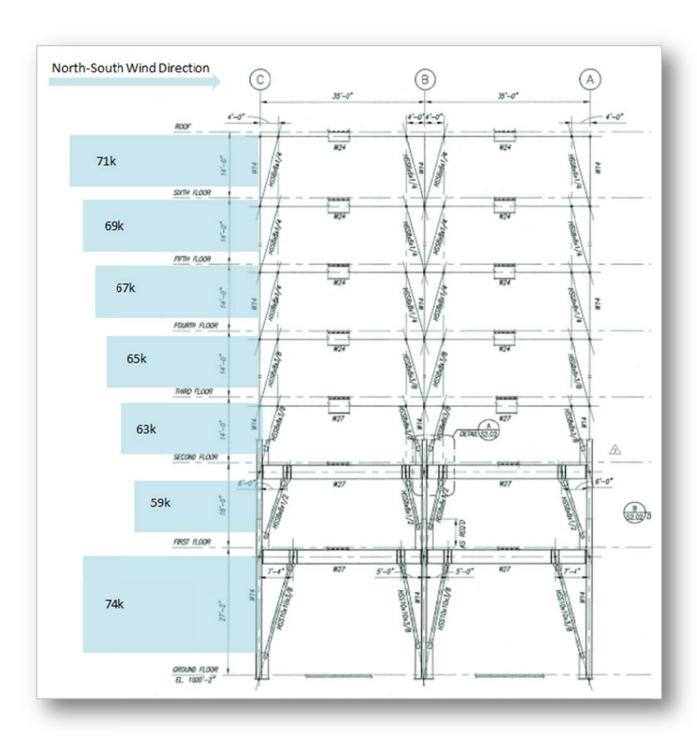
To simplify wind calculations, the building was assumed to be of a rectangular shape instead of an L-shape. This assumption proved to be effective as the largest base shear of 469k calculated is very similar to the 495k prescribed by the building documents.

Calculations for wind loads can be found in Appendix B.

				Wind F	Pressure	(North-	South)			
Level	z	kz	qh	qz (psf)	Windward (psf)	Leeward (psf)	Trib. Area (sf)	Force (k)	Story Shear (k)	Overturning Moment (ft-k)
1	0	0.57	16.74	10.04	9.54	-9.81	3840	74	469	0
2	18	0.61	16.74	10.75	10	-9.81	2987	59	395	1065
3	32	0.71	16.74	12.51	11.15	-9.81	2987	63	335	2003
4	46	0.79	16.74	13.92	12.06	-9.81	2987	65	273	3004
5	60	0.85	16.74	14.98	12.75	-9.81	2987	67	208	4046
6	74	0.91	16.74	16.03	13.43	-9.81	2987	69	140	5136
Roof	88	0.95	16.74	16.74	13.85	-9.81	2987	71	71	6219
Base Shear (k) = 469						76				
	Total Overturning Moment (ft-k) = 21472									

Wind Pressure (East - West)										
Level	z	kz	qh	qz (psf)	Windward (psf)	Leeward (psf)	Trib. Area (sf)	Force (k)	Story Shear (k)	Overturning Moment (ft-k)
1	0	0.57	16.74	10.04	9.64	-9.92	2592	51	320	0
2	18	0.61	16.74	10.75	10.11	-9.92	2016	40	270	727
3	32	0.71	16.74	12.51	11.27	-9.92	2016	43	229	1366
4	46	0.79	16.74	13.92	12.20	-9.92	2016	45	186	2052
5	60	0.85	16.74	14.98	12.90	-9.92	2016	46	142	2760
6	74	0.91	16.74	16.03	13.60	-9.92	2016	47	96	3508
Roof	88	0.95	16.74	16.74	14.07	-9.92	2016	48	48	4259
Base Shear (k) = 320										
	Total Overturning Moment (ft-k) = 14672									

Wind loads were found to be strongest along the North-South direction which has the largest surface area exposure for wind loading. Loads gradually increased up the building with the exception of the lowest level which has an atypical floor high that has a larger story height and therefore more surface area for wind loading.



## SEISMIC LOADS

Seismic loads were calculated to determine whether wind or seismic loads control for this building. It was found that while seismic load base shear is very similar to wind base shear, seismic loading does not control for Orchard Plaza. Calculations for this comparison can be found in Appendix C.

	Seismic Loads						
Level	hx (ft)	Wx (k)	Cvx	F <sub>v</sub> (k)	Overturning Moment (ft-k)		
1	0	2016	0	0	0		
2	18	1892	0.0691	28	509		
3	32	1892	0.1283	53	1683		
4	46	1892	0.1894	78	3570		
5	60	1892	0.252	103	6192		
6	74	1892	0.3156	130	9598		
Roof	88	227	0.0456	19	1646		
	Σ(w <sub>i</sub> )(h <sub>i</sub> )^k = 610000						
	Base Shear (k) = 410						
	Total Overturning Moment (ft-k) = 23198						

## APPENDIX A — GRAVITY LOAD CALCULATIONS

	Gravity Loads Avg Floor Area = 20580ft2 Floor Weights ASD
	First Level Deck + Concrete = 63 psf - 2VLI18 Vulcraft
	Level 2-6 Deck + Concrete = 57 psf - 2VLI18 Vulcraft
	Steel Beams (typical)
	$\frac{28}{3}$ <sub>spaces</sub> = 9.33'
JANA D	35/4 spaces = 8.75' - controls
	W21×44 @ 8.75' 44plf/ = 5.03 psf
	Steel Girders (typical)
	42' spacing
	W30x99 99plf42, = 2,36 psf
	Exterior Wall
	Total Surface Area (approximate)
	$(213.33')(88')(2) + (144')(88') + (144')(88 - 18') = 60300 ft^{2}$
	Assume exterior = 40% bldg weight
	60300ft (OH)(56psf) = 1350.7 K
	1350.7 K = 225.1 Klevel
	Steel Columns (typical)
	W14×159 as average (heaviest level 1 + heaviest level 6)
	Avg 14 columns/level $(257plf + 61plf) = 159plf$
and the second s	159 x 14' story (typ) x 14 = 31164 14 = 31164 16 = 1,51 psf

## APPENDIX A — GRAVITY LOAD CALCULATIONS

J.	Gravity Loads Floor Self Weights ASD
	First Floor Self weight = 63 + 5.03 + 2.36 + 1.51 = 72 psf
	Floor 2-6 Self Weight = 57+5.03+2.36+1.51=66psf
	Roof
· b	Concrete Pad Area
CAMPAD.	2 (60.83') (12.75') (4" thick) + (23') (29') (4" thick) = 481 cf conc.
	$481 cf (150 \%cf) = \frac{72129 lb}{20580 sf} = 3.5 psf$
	1.5B20 Gage - Vulcraft = 2.14 psf -> 2.5 psf per ASCE
A production of the second	Roof Total = 2.5 psf + 3.5 psf + 1 psf + 4 psf = 11 psf
	1psf = Acoustic ceiling } ASCE 7-02 Table C3-1
	Floor Total Weights
	Level $1 = 72 psf + 1 psf + 4 psf + 10 psf = 87 psf$
	10psf = misc. loads exterior wall/level (87psf)(20580 sf) + 225.1K= 2016 K
	Levels 2-6 = 66 psf + 1 psf + 10psf = 81 psf
	(81psf)(20580sf) + 225.1K = 1892 K
The second secon	Roof = 11psf (20580 sf) = 227 K
	Total Building Weight
	227K + 2016 + 1892(5) = 11703 K

# APPENDIX B — WIND LOAD CALCULATIONS

Pick D104 (Free Strange Co.) (Free Strange Co.)		
	Wind Loads ASCE 7-02	
	Basic Wind Speed = 90 mph	Ky = 0.85
	Importance Factor = Iw = 1.0	Kzt = 1.0
	Building Category II	h = 88'
	Exposure Category B	B = 213.33 f4
5	Internal Pressure GCpi = ±0.18	L= 1444
MANA	Rigid Structure	ga = gv = 3.4 &6.5.8.1
	M4,	Consider building as if it were perfectly rectangular
	213'4"	
	Values from Table 6-2	
	$Z_g = 1200$ $d = 7$ $l =$	
and the same	$Z_{\text{nin}} = 30 \text{ ft}$ $C = 0.3$ $\overline{C} =$	0.33
The second secon	= 0.6 (88ft) = 52.8 > 30	√ок
	$I_{\overline{z}} = C \left( \frac{33}{7} \right)^{1/6} = 0.3 \left( \frac{33}{528} \right)^{1/6}$	
	$L_{\bar{z}} = l(\bar{z}/_{33})^{\bar{z}} = 320(52.8)$	$\binom{1}{33}^{0,33} = 374.3$

## APPENDIX B — WIND LOAD CALCULATIONS

MISSINGS TO A COMPANY OF STREET OF STREET	
	Wind Loads Cont.  North-South $Q = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + 0.63 \left(\frac{D+h}{L_{\overline{z}}}\right)^{0.63}}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + 0.63 \left(\frac{212.33 + 88}{374.3}\right)}} = 0.803$
-0	East - West
ONE WAR	$Q = \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + 0.63 \left(\frac{144 + 88}{374.3}\right)}} = 0.825$ Gust Factor
	North - South $G = 0.925 \left( \frac{1 + 1.79  \text{d}  \text{d}}{1 + 1.79  \text{d}  \text{d}} \right) = 0.925 \left( \frac{1 + 1.7(3.4)(0.277)(0.803)}{1 + 1.7(3.4)(0.277)} \right)$
	G = 0.8128 East-West
	$G = 0.925 \left( \frac{1 + 1.7(3.4)(0.277)(0.825)}{1 + 1.7(3.4)(0.277)} \right)$
	G = 0.8254
	$K_2 = \begin{cases} 2.01 \left(\frac{Z}{Z_g}\right)^{3/d} & 15' < Z < Z_g \\ 2.01 \left(\frac{15}{Z_g}\right)^{3/d} & Z < 15' \end{cases}$
	qn = 0.00256 K2 K24 K3 V2 Iw qn = 0.00256 (0.95 × 1) (0.85 × 902 × 1) qn = 16.74 psf

# APPENDIX B — WIND LOAD CALCULATIONS

SSE SECTION OF THE SE	
Taken	Wind Loads Cont. $P = QGCP - Qi(GCPi)$ WW $CP = 0.8$ Table 6-6  LW $CP = 0.5$ Table 6-6  Whindward $PWN = Qz(0.8128)(0.8) - Qi(-0.18)$ Leeward $PWN = Qz(0.8128)(-0.5) - Qi(0.18)$ East - West  Windward $PW = Qz(0.8254)(0.8) - Qi(-0.18)$
	$P_{WW} = q_z (0.8254)(0.8) - q_i (-0.18)$ Leeward $P_{WW} = q_z (0.8254)(-0.5) - q_i (0.18)$

## APPENDIX C — SEISMIC LOAD CALCULATIONS

	Seismic Loads ASCE 7-02
	Site Class C Response Modification Factor R = 3
	Importance Factor Ie = 1.0 Design Base Stear V = 495K
	Building Category II Seismic Response Coefficient Cs = .035
	Following Values are from geohazards, usgs, gov/designmaps/us 2002 USGS Hazard Data
MARKO	$S_8 = 0.124 g$ $S_{MS} = 0.149 g$ $S_1 = 0.05 g$ $S_{MI} = 0.084 g$
	Following Values From Documents 54.01
	$S_{ps} = 0.104_g$ $S_{p1} = 0.068_g$
	Fundamental Period
	$C_s = \frac{S_{DI}}{T(R/I)}$ $T = \frac{S_{DI}}{C_s(R_I)} = \frac{.068}{.035(^3/I)} = 0.648_{sec}$
	Vertical Distribution of Forces
	Therpolate 0.64% 1.074 2.5 2
	227 (88)1.074 227(88)1.074 + 1892 (74)1.074 + 1892 (60)1.074 + 1892 (46)1.074 + 1892 (32)1.074 + 1892 (85)1.074
	Iwihik = 610000
	Cvx at roof = 0.0456
	Check
	∑ C <sub>Vx</sub> = 1 √oK

## APPENDIX C — SEISMIC LOAD CALCULATIONS

AND INSTRUMENT CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	
Marino.	Seismic Loads
	Total Building Weight = 11703k (building weight calculation)
	$V = C_S W$ $C_S = 0.035$ (given)
	V = 0.035(11703) = 409.6 K
	$F_{V}$ at Roof $F_{V} = C_{Vx} V = 0.0456 (409.6) = 18.7$
	All othe Cux and Fu in spread sheet
	Check
	ΣF <sub>V</sub> = 409,6 K √oK

#### APPENDIX C - SEISMIC LOAD CALCULATIONS

